

SECTION 4**NORMAL PROCEDURES**

4

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LOADING.....	3
NORMAL OPERATING SPEEDS	3
PRE-FLIGHT INSPECTION.....	4
CABIN INTERIOR CHECK BEFORE START-UP.....	6
STARTING THE ENGINE.....	7
AFTER ENGINE START.....	8
TAXIING	8
ENGINE RUN-UP	9
BEFORE TAKE-OFF	10
TAKE-OFF	10
CLIMB.....	11
CRUISE	11
DESCENT.....	13
LANDING.....	13
AFTER LANDING	14
ENGINE SHUT-DOWN.....	14

Intentionally left blank

LOADING

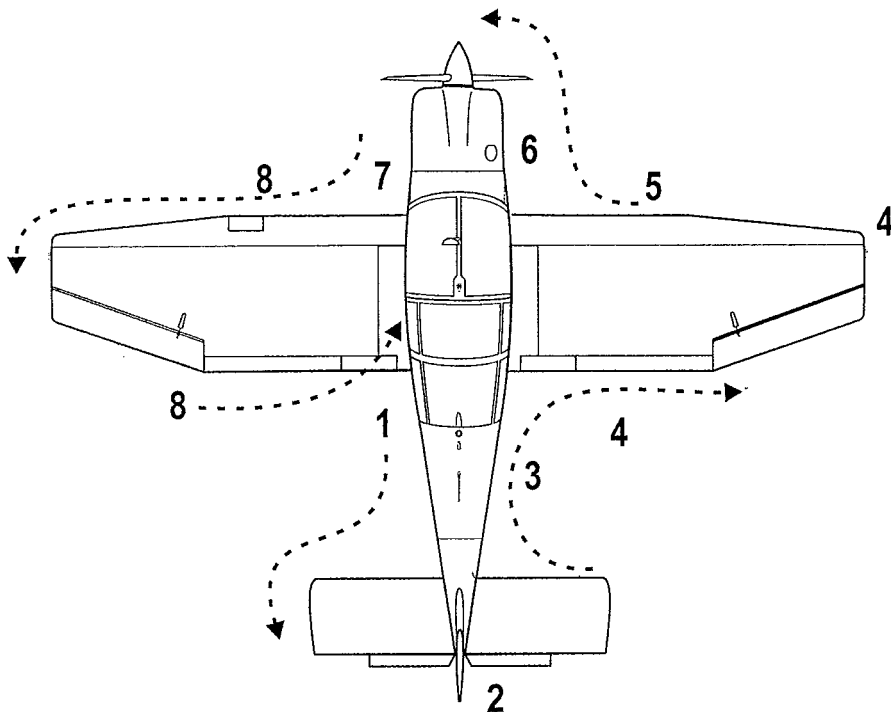
Before each flight, make sure that the total weight and load balance are within the specified limits. To this end, use the weight and balance chart given in section 6.

NORMAL OPERATING SPEEDS

The speeds listed below are indicated airspeeds (IAS) recommended for normal operation of the aircraft.

These speeds are based on a standard aircraft, operated at maximum gross weight, in standard atmosphere and at sea level. They may vary from one aircraft to another depending on the equipment installed, the conditions of the aircraft and of the engine, the atmospheric conditions and the skills of the pilot.

- Best rate of climb speed
 - flaps in take-off position (1st notch)..... (75 kt) 140 km/h
 - flaps up (86 kt) 160 km/h
- Best angle of climb speed
 - flaps in take-off position (1st notch) (70 kt) 130 km/h
 - flaps up (75 kt) 140 km/h
- Maximum operating speed in turbulent air
 - flaps up (140 kt) 260 km/h
- Maximum speed
 - flaps in landing position (2nd notch) (92 kt) 170 km/h
- Landing speed, final approach
 - flaps in landing position (2nd notch) (62 kt) 115 km/h



PRE-FLIGHT INSPECTION

To be performed before each flight.

This inspection may be shortened after intermediate landings on route.

Magneto switch.....	off
Controls	free
Battery switch	on
Flaps.....	check operation
Fuel quantity	checked
Battery switch	off
Aircraft documents.....	on board
Baggage	securely stowed

Check the travel and direction of flight controls, and then make an aircraft walk-around inspection (see before) starting at the fuselage left side.

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 1 | Fuel filler cap.....in place, locked
Static vent clean, unobstructed |
| 2 | Horizontal stabilizer..... surface condition, hinges without backlash
Rudder check hinges and backlash |
| 3 | Static vent clean, unobstructed |
| 4 | Flaps and ailerons..... check condition and hinges
Wing tip and navigation lights if installed (optional)..... check
Condition
Stall warning clean, check actuation |
| 5 | Right main landing gear check attachment
..... and condition of fairing
.....normal shock absorber compression
.....tyre inflated |
| 6 | Oil level checked, oil cap secured, door closed
Engine cowl attachments checked
Propeller..... clean, in good condition
Propeller spinner..... no play
Air inlets clean, unobstructed |
| 7 | Nose gear check attachment and condition of fairing
..... normal shock absorber compression, tyre inflated
..... tow-bar removed
Exhaust pipe rigid
Fuel drain valve..... actuated
Canopy cleanliness check |

-
- 8** Left main landing gear..... check attachment
 and condition of fairing
 normal shock absorber compression
tyre inflated
 Pitot..... clean, unobstructed
 Lights if installed (optional)..... clean
 Wing tip and navigation lights if installed (optional)check condition
 Flaps and ailerons..... check condition and hinges

CABIN INTERIOR CHECK BEFORE START-UP

- Canopy closed and locked
 Parking brake locked
 Front seats..... adjusted and locked
 Belts and harnesses adjusted and fastened
 Flights controls free, without play or excessive friction
 (check rudder during taxiing)
 Elevator trim check travel
 then back to neutral position
 Strobe light on

STARTING THE ENGINE

Normal procedure

Carburettor heat	off (push)
Mixture.....	full rich (up)
Master switch	on
Gauges.....	checked
Fuel selector.....	check operation, open
Magneto switch	L
Electric pump.....	on
Throttle	2 or 3 injections, then 2 cm travel forward
Propeller area.....	clear
Starter.....	engage (30 sec. max)
Magneto switch	1 + 2

Hot engine procedure

Same procedure as "normal", but without injections.

Warm weather procedure

Same procedure as "normal", but keeping successive injections up to 900 to 1000 rpm.

Engine "flooded"

Electric pump.....	off
Mixture.....	cut-off (down)
Throttle	full power (push)
Starter.....	operate for several seconds

As soon as the engine starts, push mixture to "rich" then resume the normal procedure, without injections.

CAUTION

Avoid operating the starter for more than 30 seconds.
Wait at least one minute before operating it again.

As soon as the engine is running, check the engine oil pressure.
If it is still at zero after 15 to 20 seconds, stop the engine and
investigate the cause.

AFTER ENGINE START

Rpm 1200 rpm
Electric pump off
Alternator switch on
Voltmeter green arc
Vacuum gauge (if installed) checked
Lights tested
Radio, navigation aids on
Altimeter set
Flaps retracted

TAXIING

Parking brake unlocked
Brakes tested
Turn and bank indicator (option) checked
Directional gyro (option) setting checked

Avoid exceeding 1200 rpm as long as engine temperature remains in the yellow range.

ENGINE RUN-UP

Parking brake locked
Oil temperature and pressure green range
Fuel pressure green range
Mixture..... full rich (top)
Carburettor heat off (push)

Magneto check

Throttle 2000 rpm
Magneto selection:
Max. drop between L or R and L + R ("Both") 175 rpm
Max. difference between L and R..... 50 rpm

Carburettor heat check

Carburettor heat on (pull)
Check rpm drop (approx. 100 rpm)
Carburettor heat off (push)

Mixture check

Lean until rpm reduction, then return to "full rich".

Engine idle check

Throttle 600 to 650 rpm

BEFORE TAKE-OFF

Controls free
 Magneto switch..... L + R ("Both")
 Cabin (seats, belts, canopy)check
 Fuel selector open
 Electric pump..... on
 Elevator trim neutral position
 Engine instruments checked
 Flight instruments set
 Flaps..... full down, then back to take-off position (1st notch)
 Throttle "holding" at 1200 rpm

TAKE-OFF**Normal take-off**

Full throttle minimum rpm 2400 rpm
 Take-off speed..... (53 kt) 100 km/h
 Initial climb speed (70 kt) 130 km/h

After obstacles clearance,

Reduce angle of climb to reach (81 kt) 150 km/h
 Electric pump off
 Fuel pressure..... checked (green range)
 Flaps..... up

Short take-off

Flaps..... (1st notch) take-off position
 Apply full power, brakes applied,
 then release the brakes 2400 rpm mini
 Take-off speed..... (53 kt) 100 km/h
 If needed to clear an obstacle,
 proceed at best angle of climb speed (70 kt) 130 km/h

Crosswind take-off

Flaps..... (1st notch) take-off position
 Ailerons into the wind

Take-off at a slightly higher airspeed than normal. Correct drift in the normal way (max bank angle close to the ground: 15°).

Demonstrated crosswind capability (22 kt) 40 km/h.

CLIMB**Normal climb (flaps up)**

Set climb speed 160 km/h (86 kt) below 7 000 ft; 140 km/h (75 kt) from 7 000 ft.

Keep full throttle.

Above 5000 ft, adjust mixture.

Best angle of climb

A better rate of climb is obtained at 130 km/h (70 kt), flaps in take-off position (1st notch) and at 140 km/h (75 kt) flaps up.

NOTE

This type of climb should only be used exceptionally, due to poor engine cooling.

Last 10 litres of fuel remaining in the main tank are not usable during climb.

CRUISE

Refer to section 5 for rpm setting and cruise performance.

Use of the mixture control

Set and keep the mixture control on the "full rich" position for take-off and climb at more than 75 % of maximum continuous power.

In certain conditions (high altitude take-off, long climb above 5000 ft), this setting may be too rich and lead to irregular engine operation or loss of power.

In these situations, adjust the mixture to obtain a regular engine operation and not the best fuel economy.

Mixture adjustment in stable cruise (above 5 000 ft and with rpm lower or equal to 75 % of maximum continuous power):

Progressively lean the mixture to obtain a slight reduction in rpm, then slightly enrich the mixture to regain power and normal operation of the engine.

NOTE

Be careful not to lean the mixture too much,
this would cause engine overheating.

**ALWAYS ENRICH THE MIXTURE
BEFORE INCREASING POWER.**

DESCENT

Quick descent

Power as needed to maintain the desired descent path
 Carburettor heat on
 Each 1500 ft, apply power to avoid excessive engine cooling, and to clean the spark plugs.

Approach or down wind

Mixture..... full rich (up)
 Electric pump..... on
 Carburettor heat as required on or off
 Cabin (seats, belts) checked
 Flaps..... under 170 km/h (92 kt) take-off position (1st notch)
 Speed (81 kt) 150 km/h
 Elevator trim set
 Roll stabilizer or autopilot (if fitted) off

Final

Carburettor heat off (push)
 Flaps..... under (81 kt) 150 km/h landing position (2nd notch)
 Approach speed (62 kt) 115 km/h
 Elevator trim set

LANDING

Short landing

Flaps..... (2nd notch) landing position
 Approach speed (set with throttle) (62 kt) 115 km/h

After touchdown, brake heavily keeping nose up with elevator and retracting the flaps.

Landing in crosswind or strong gust conditions

Flaps..... (1st notch) take-off position
 Approach speed (70 kt) 130 km/h + 1/2 gust speed
 Drift..... correct in the normal way
 Demonstrated crosswind (22 kt) 40 km/h

Going around procedure

Carburettor heat off check
 Throttle full power (push)
 Speed (65 kt) 120 km/h
 Flaps..... progressively raise flaps to the take-off position (1st notch)
 Normal climb speed (75 kt) 140 km/h

AFTER LANDING

Electric pump..... off
 Flaps..... up
 Navigation instruments off

ENGINE SHUT-DOWN

Parking brake tight
 Flaps..... down
 Radio and electrical equipment off
 Check magneto cut-off at idle off, then L+R ("Both")
 Rpm 1000 rpm
 Mixture idle cut-off (down)

After the engine stops

Magneto switch..... off
 Alternator switch off
 Battery switch off
 After setting the wheel chocks release the parking brake